

Motion Control Valves





Fluid Power Introduction

General

Used to control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief.

Motion Control Valves can provide:

- Smoothly controlled loads, when starting, stopping and during operations.

 • Load holding capability.
- Positive pump pressure or anti-cavitation.
- Single or dual models.
- · Gasket or line mounted models.
- Thermal expansion relief.Full flow overload relief.

Types and Operation

Туре	Description	Symbol	Models	Page
Counterbalance	A counterbalance valve is a relief valve with a free flow check valve in the reverse direction. Pump pressure must exceed relief setting in order to lower the load.		1B12 1LC11	4 5
Overcenter	Overcenter valves combine a differential area relief valve function with a pilot assist feature on the relief function. In the reverse direction, flow is directed around a free flow check valve. The pilot assist function reduces total pump pressure required to move the load during the work cycle. Most overcenter valves are mounted in, on, or directly next to the cylinder actuator to prevent run away as a result of a system or line failure.		1E11 1E15 1E80/81 1E16 1E80/82 1E21	7 8 9 11 12 13
Overcenter (Vented)	The overcenter function is the same as above except the vented feature is used to minimize back pressure which could affect response or performance.		1E90/91	10
Dual Overcenter	Two overcenter valves in one body allow cross-porting with a minimum of plumbing.		1EE13 1E80/1EE81 1EE15 1EE21	14 15 16 17
Motion Control and Lock (MUDROC)*)	These valves combine the features of a dual overcenter valve plus make-up port.	Make-up	1EEC11 1EEC12	18 19

^{*)} Acronym for Make-Up, Dual Relief, Over Centre



Fluid Power Introduction

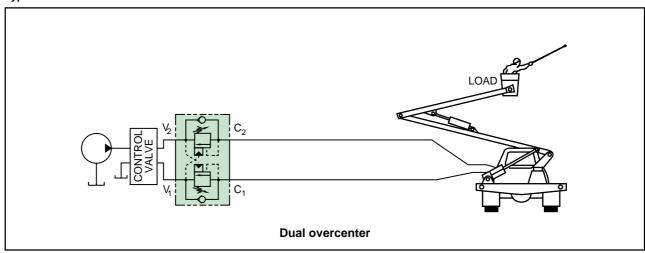
General Application

Counterbalance valves are used where loads being held in control are unchanging. Used when load does not go overcenter.

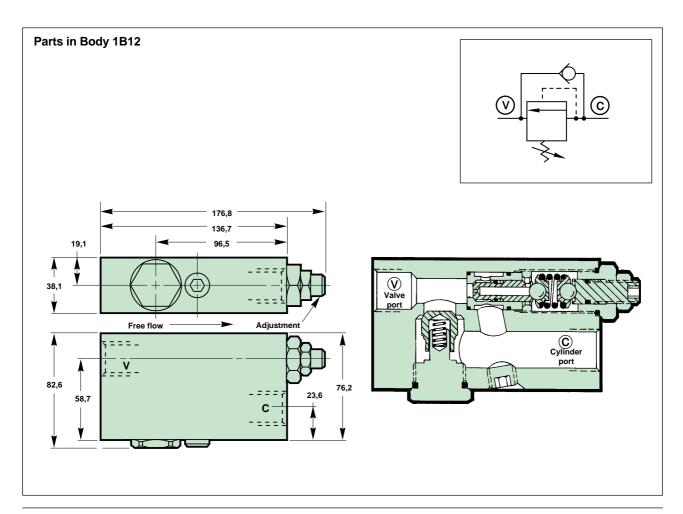
Overcenter Valves are available is single or dual models. Single overcenters are used when the cylinder actuator can run away in only one direction. The dual overcenter is best applied when the cylinder or actuator can run away in both directions of operation.

Motion Control and Loader Valves "MUDROC"* are typically used on hydraulic motor-driven swing or traction circuits.
*(MUDROC is an acronym for Make-Up, Dual Relief, Over Centre)

Typical Circuit



Fluid Power To 95 I/min and 210 bar



Specifications

- To 95 I/min and 210 bar.
- Weight: 1,63 kg.

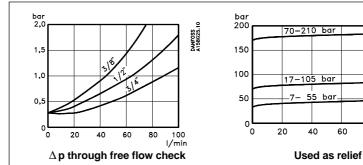
Features

- Excellent pressure vs. flow characteristics.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- Low leakage.
- · Fast response.
- Rugged, dirt tolerant and reliable.
- · Built-in reverse flow check.
- 100% performance tested.

Use and operation

To hold and position heavy loads in the up position and prevent drifting. Oil flows through the free flow check to raise the load. With control valve centered and relief set higher than load

Performance curves



pressure, the load is held and will not move until "powered" down. Recommend setting relief valve at least 1.3 times maximum load induced pressure.

Materials

• Body — High-strength aluminium alloy.

40

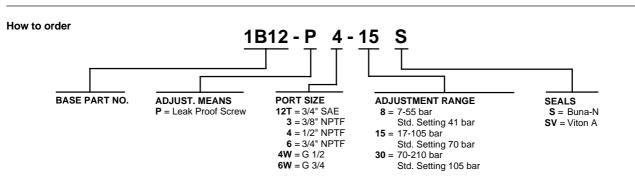
60

Check component — Hardened steel poppet.

100 I/min

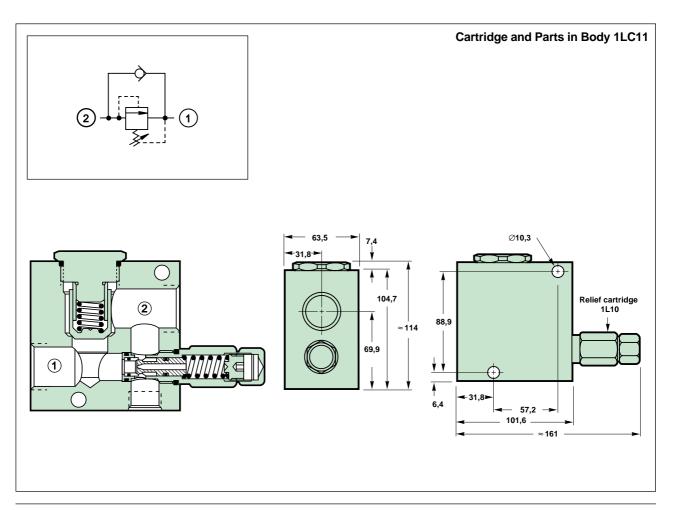
80

- Internal parts Hardened steel.
 Seals Buna-N or Viton A.





Aluminium Body: To 150 I/min and 175 bar. Steel Body: To 150 I/min and 350 bar



Specifications

Aluminium Body

- To 150 I/min and 175 bar.
- Reseat pressure is 65% of setting.
- Maximum inlet pressure: 210 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressures to: 67 bar for -15 range 112 bar for -25 range (based on 65% reseat).
- Cavity number: FC-76 (see page 22).
- Weight: 2,00 kg.

Steel Body

- To 150 l/min and 350 bar.
- Reseat pressure is 65% of setting.
- Maximum inlet pressure: 350 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressures to: 179 bar for -40 range 224 bar for -50 range (based on 65% reseat).
- Cavity number: FC-76 (see page 22).
- Weight: 4,45 kg.

Features

- Excellent pressure vs. flow characteristics.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- Low leakage.
- Fast response.
- Rugged, dirt tolerant and reliable.
- Built-in reverse flow check.
- Adjustable with min. and max. stops.
- 100% performance tested.

Use and operation

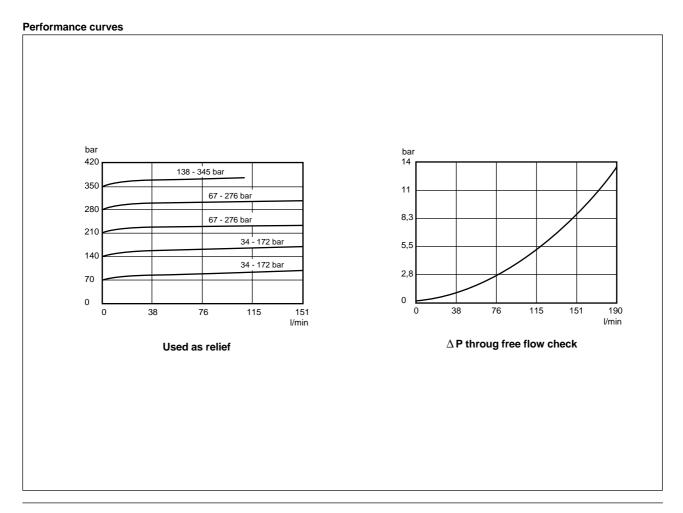
Used to position and lock heavy loads in the up position and prevent drifting.

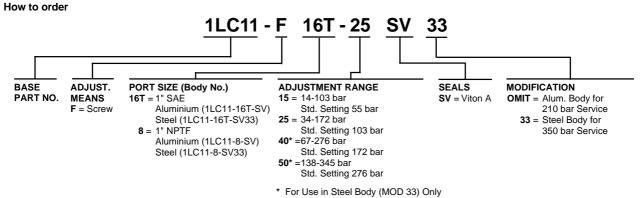
Oil flows through the free flow check to raise the load. With directional control valve centered and relief set higher than load pressure, the load is locked and will not move until "powered" down. Recommended relief setting is at least 1.5 times maximum load induced pressure.

- Body High-strength aluminium alloy or high strength steel.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Cartridge Hardened steel.
- Seals Viton A standard.



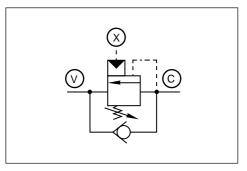
Continued Fluid Power







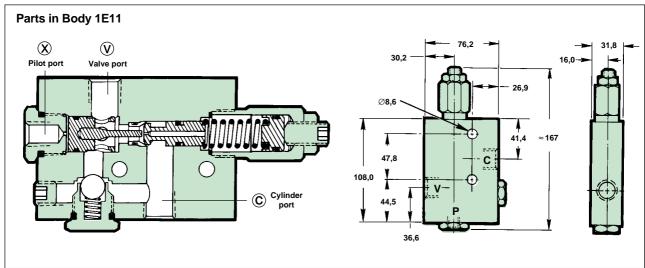
Fluid Power To 60 I/min and 350 bar



Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure = Pilot Pressure Required Pilot Ratio

With 2,75:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 126 bar and 70 bar load pressure, then 21 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.



Specifications

- To 60 I/min and 350 bar.
- · Maximum load induced pressures to: 260 bar for -50 range 155 bar for -30 range (based on 75% reseat)
- Pilot ratios available: 1,2:1; 2,75:1; 4,9:1; 10,75:1.
- Weight: 0,91 kg.

Features

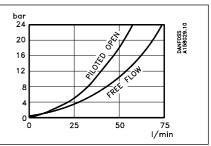
- · Fast acting, reliable operation.
- · Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- · Low leakage.
- · Built-in reverse flow check.
- Adjustable.
- 100% performance tested.

Use and operation

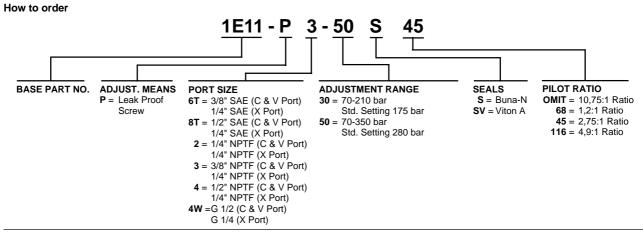
To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves.

The load is raised by free flow of oil through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure.) When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting, allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

Performance curve



- Body High strength aluminium alloy.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Check component Hardened steel ball.
 Seals Buna-N or Viton A.



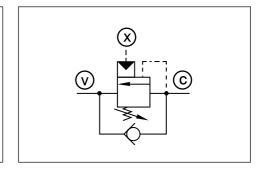
Danfoss

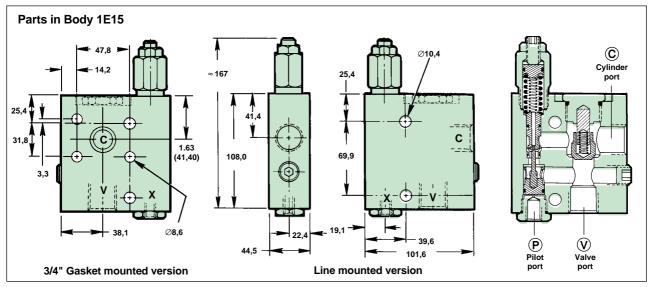
To 95 I/min and 350 bar Fluid Power

Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure
Pilot Ratio = Pilot Pressure Required

With 2,75:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 126 bar and 70 bar load pressure, then 21 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.





Specifications

- To 95 I/min and 350 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressures to: 260 bar for -50S range 155 bar for -30S range (based on 75% reseat)
- Pilot ratios available: 1,2:1; 2,75:1; 4.9:1: 10.75:1.
- Weight: 1,32 kg.

Features

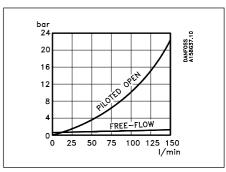
- Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- Low leakage.
- Built-in reverse flow check.
- · Gasket mounted available.
- 100% performance tested.
- Adjustable.

Use and operation

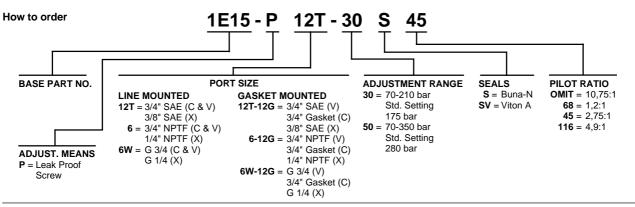
To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves. Gasket mount is designed to be directly mounted to cylinder to maximize safety.

The load is raised by free flow of oil through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure.) When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting, allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

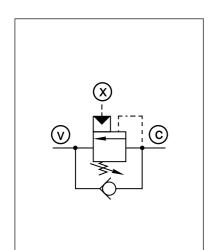
Performance curve



- Body High strength aluminium alloy.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Check component Hardened steel poppet.
- Seals Buna-N or Viton A.



Fluid Power To 95 I/min and 350 bar

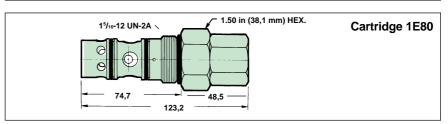


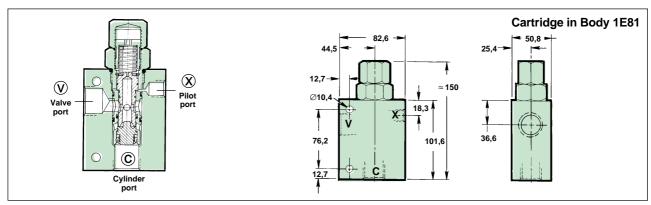
Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure | Pilot Pressure Required |
Pilot Ratio | Pilot Pressure Required |

With 4:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 310 bar and 214 bar load pressure, then 24 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.

$$\frac{310 \text{ bar} - 214 \text{ bar}}{4} = 24 \text{ bar}$$





Specifications

- To 95 I/min and 350 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressure to: 260 bar (based on 75% reseat).
- Cavity number: FC-173 (see page 22).
- Installation torque: 81-94 Nm.*
- Pilot ratios available: 4:1; 8,5:1
- Weight (1E80): 0,59 kg.
- Weight (1E81): 3,76 kg.
- With steel bodies.
 For aluminium bodies consult factory.

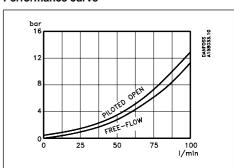
Features

- Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- Low leakage.
- Built-in reverse free flow check.
- · Adjustable with min. & max. stops.
- 100% performance tested.

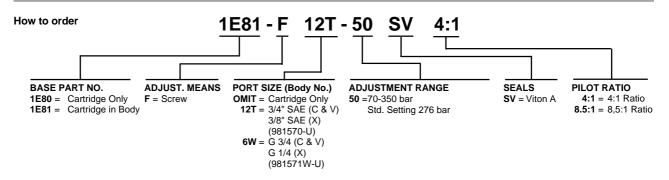
Use and operation

To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves. Cartridge construction allows installation in cylinder end for easy field replacement and maximum safety. The load is raised by free flow of oil through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure.) When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting thus allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump. pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

Performance curve



- Body High strength steel.
- Cartridge Steel.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Seals Viton A standard.

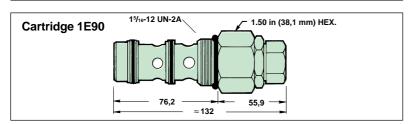


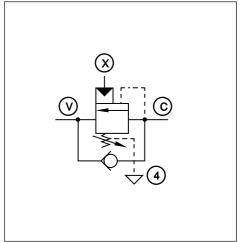
To 95 I/min and 350 bar

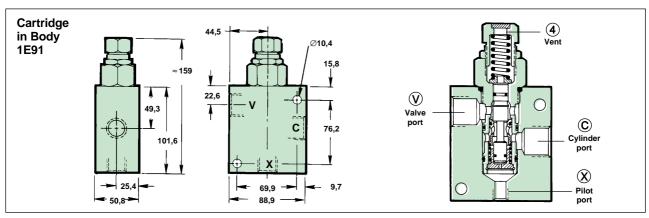
Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting - Load Pressure = Pilot Pressure Required

With 4,25:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 157 bar and 70 bar load pressure, then 21 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.







Specifications

- To 95 I/min and 350 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressure to: 260 bar (based on 75% reseat)
- Cavity number: FC-173A (see page 22).
- Installation torque: 81-94 Nm.*
- Pilot ratio: 4,25:1
- Weight (1E90): 0,59 kg
- Weight (1E91): 3,76 kg
- With steel bodies. For aluminium bodies consult factory.

Features

- · Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- Low leakage.
- Built-in reverse free flow check.
- Vented spring chamber allows valve to operate unaffected by back pressure downstream
- Adjustable.
- 100% performance tested.

Use and operation

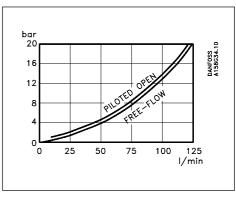
To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves. Cartridge construction allows installation in cylinder end for easy field replacement and maximum safety.

Vent feature allows valve to operate unaffected by back pressure. The load is raised by free flow of oil

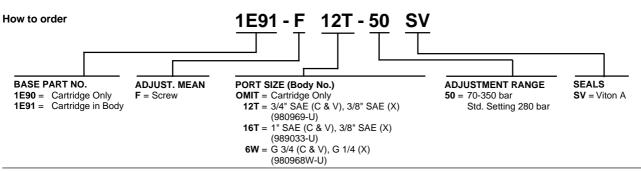
through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure.)

When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting, allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

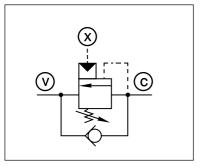
Performance curve



- Body High strength steel.
 Cartridge Steel.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Seals Viton A standard.



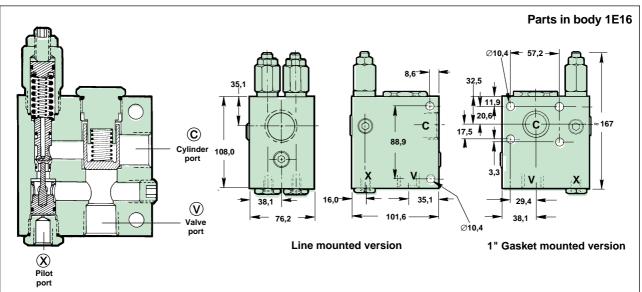
Fluid Power To 150 I/min and 350 bar



Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure | Pilot Pressure Required | Pilot Ratio |

With 2,75:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 126 bar and 70 bar load pressure, then 21 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.



Specifications

- To 150 l/min and 350 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressures to: 260 bar for -50S range 155 bar for -30S range (based on 65% reseat)
- Pilot ratios available: 1,2:1; 2,75:1; 4,9:1; 10,75:1.
- Weight: 2,63 kg.

Features

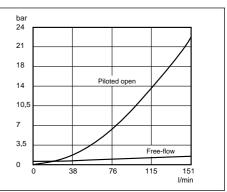
- · Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- · Low leakage.
- Built-in reverse flow check.
- Gasket mounted available.
- 100% performance tested.
- · Adjustable.

Use and operation

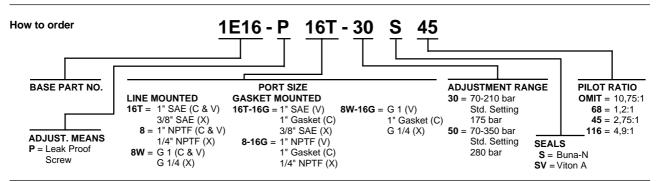
To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves. Gasket mount is designed to be directly mounted to cylinder to maximize safety.

The load is raised by free flow of oil through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure). When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting, allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle closed to prevent runaway.

Performance curve



- Body High strength aluminium alloy.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Check component Hardened steel poppet.
- Seals Buna-N or Viton A.





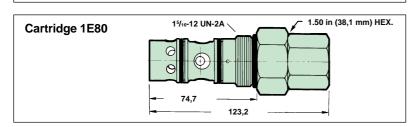
To 190 I/min and 350 bar Fluid Power

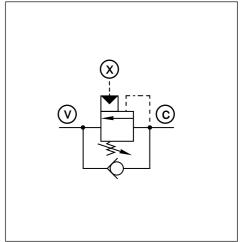
Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

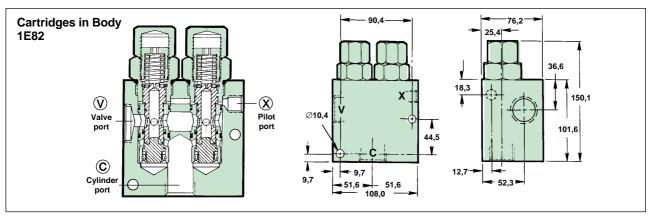
Relief Setting – Load Pressure | Pilot Pressure Required |

With 4:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 310 bar and 214 bar load pressure, then 24 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.

$$\frac{310 \text{ bar} - 214 \text{ bar}}{4} = 24 \text{ bar}$$







Specifications

- To 190 I/min and 350 bar.
 Two 1E80 cartridges assembled in parallel to increase flow capacity.
- Maximum load induced pressure to: 260 bar (based on 75% reseat).
- Cavity number: FC-173 (see page 22).
- Installation torque: 81-94 Nm.*
- Pilot ratios available: 4:1, 8,5:1
- Weight (1E80): 0,59 kg.
- Weight (1E82): 7,08 kg.
- * With steel bodies.
 For aluminium bodies consult factory.

Features

- Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- · Low leakage.
- Built-in reverse free flow check.
- Adjustable with min. & max. stops.
- 100% performance tested.

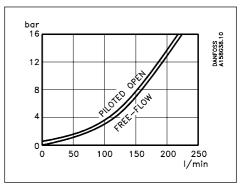
Use and operation

To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves.

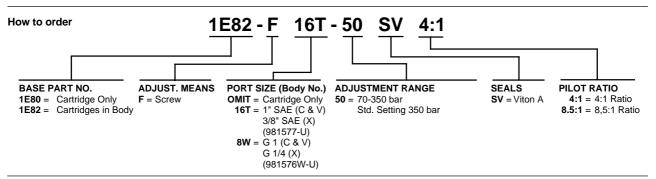
Cartridge construction allows installation in cylinder end for easy field replacement and maximum safety.

The load is raised by free flow of oil through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure). When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting thus allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

Performance curve

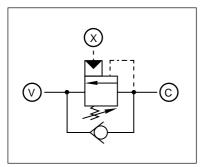


- Body High strength steel.
- Cartridge Steel.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Seals Viton A standard.





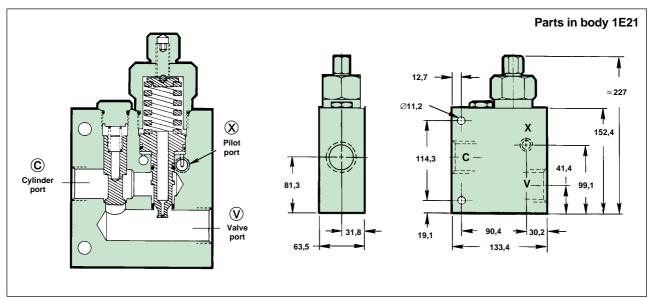
To 305 I/min and 210 bar



Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure = Pilot Pressure Required Pilot Ratio

With 2,25:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 126 bar and 70 bar load pressure, then 25 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.



Specifications

- To 305 I/min and 210 bar.
- · Maximum load induced pressure to: 155 bar (based on 75% reseat)
- Pilot ratios available: 2,25:1; 6,5:1
- Weight: 4,20 kg.

Features

- · Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- Low leakage.
- · Built-in reverse flow check.
- · Adjustable.
- 100% performance tested.

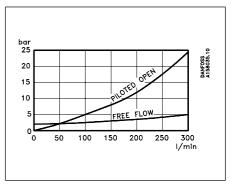
Use and operation

To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves.

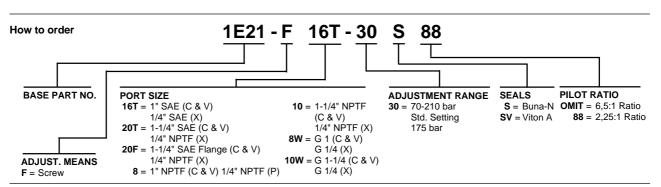
The load is raised by free flow of oil through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure).

When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting, allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

Performance curve



- Body High strength aluminium.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Check component Hardened steel poppet.
 Seals Buna-N or Viton A.



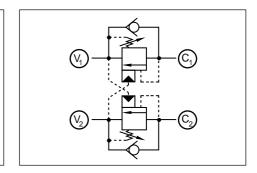
Danfoss

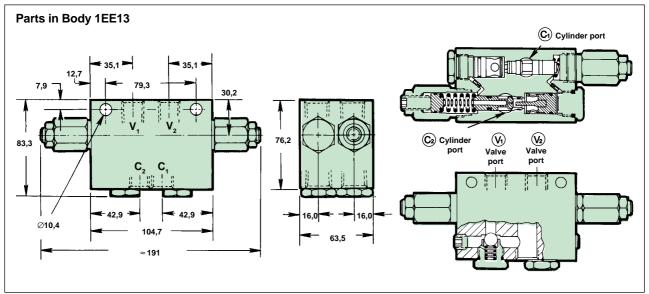
To 60 I/min and 350 bar Fluid Power

Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure
Pilot Ratio = Pilot Pressure Required

With 2,75:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 126 bar and 70 bar load pressure, then 21 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.





Specifications

- To 60 I/min and 350 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressures to: 260 bar for -50 range 155 bar for -30 range (based on 75% reseat)
- Pilot ratios available: 1,2:1; 2,75:1; 4,9:1; 10,75:1.
- Weight: 1,81 kg.

Features

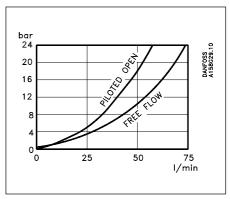
- Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- Low leakage.
- Built-in reverse free flow check.
- Dual design provides load control in both directions without plumbing cross pilot lines.
- Adjustable.
- 100% performance tested.

Use and operation

To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves.

The load is raised by free flow of oil through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure). When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting, allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

Performance curve



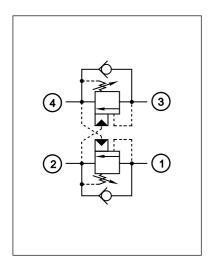
Materials

- Body High strength aluminium alloy.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Check components Hardened steel balls.
- Seals Buna-N or Viton A.

How to order 45 1EE13 - P BASE PART NO. ADJUST. MEANS PORT SIZE (Body No.) **ADJUSTMENT RANGE** SEALS **PILOT RATIO 6T** = 3/8" SAE **8T** = 1/2" SAE **30** = 70-210 bar P = Leak Proof Screw S = Buna-N **OMIT** = 10,75:1 Ratio **68** = 1,2:1 Ratio **45** = 2,75:1 Ratio Std. Setting 175 bar SV = Viton A 3 = 3/8" NPTF 50 = 70-350 bar4 = 1/2" NPTF Std. Setting 280 bar **116** = 4,9:1 Ratio 4W = G 1/2



To 95 I/min and 350 bar

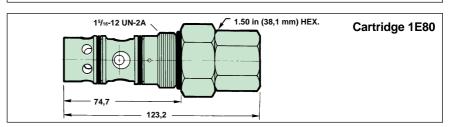


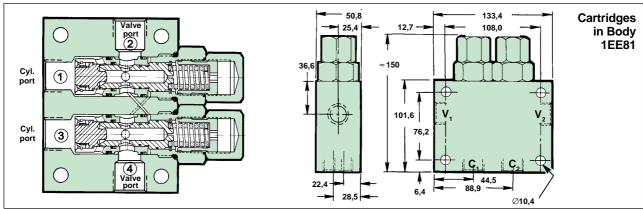
Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure = Pilot Pressure Required Pilot Ratio

With 4:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 310 bar and 214 bar load pressure, then 24 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.

$$\frac{310 \text{ bar} - 214 \text{ bar}}{4} = 24 \text{ bar}$$





Specifications

- To 95 I/min and 350 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressure to 260 bar (based on 75% reseat).
- Cavity number: FC-173 (see page 22).
- Installation torque: 81-94 Nm.
- Pilot ratios available: 4:1, 8,5:1.
- Weight: 10,30 kg.
- With steel bodies.
 For aluminium bodies, consult factory.

Features

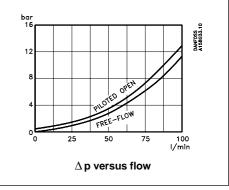
- Fast acting, reliable operation.
- · Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- Low leakage.
- · Matched, lapped assemblies.
- · Built-in reverse free flow check.
- · Dual design provides load control in both directions without plumbing cross pilot lines.
- · Adjustable.
- 100% performance tested.

Use and operation

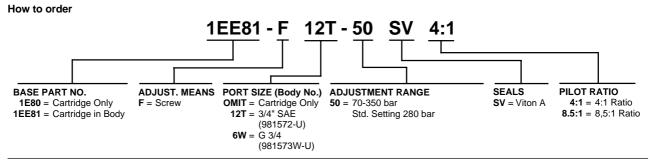
To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves.

The load is raised by free flow of oil through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure). When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting thus allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressures will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

Performance curve



- Body High strength steel. Cartridges Hardened steel.
- Internal parts Steel.
- Seals Viton A standard.



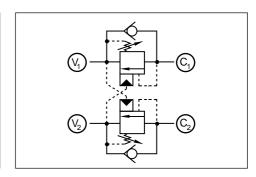


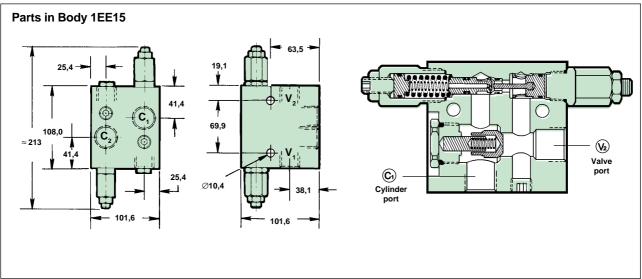
To 95 I/min and 350 bar Fluid Power

Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure
Pilot Ratio = Pilot Pressure Required

With 2,75:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 126 bar and 70 bar load pressure, then 21 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.





Specifications

- To 95 I/min and 350 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressures to: 260 bar for -50 range 155 bar for -30 range (based on 75% reseat)
- Pilot ratios available: 1,2:1; 2,75:1; 4,9:1; 10,75:1.
- Weight: 2,63 kg.

Features

- Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- · Low leakage.
- Built-in reverse flow check.
- Dual design provides load control in both directions without plumbing cross pilot lines.
- Adjustable.
- 100% performance tested.

Use and Operation

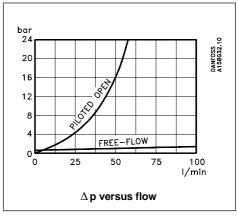
To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump. Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves.

The load is raised by free flow of oil through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure.) When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting, allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

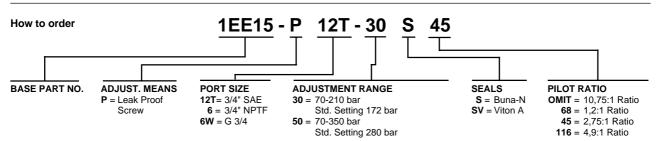
Materials

- Body High strength aluminium alloy.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.

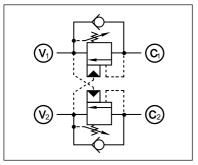
Performance curve



- Check components Hardened steel poppets.
- Seals Buna-N or Viton A.



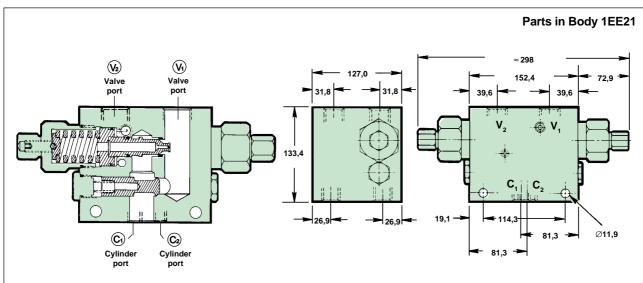
To 305 I/min and 210 bar



Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure
Pilot Ratio = Pilot Pressure Required

With 2,25:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 126 bar and 70 bar load pressure, then 25 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.



Specifications

- To 305 I/min and 210 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressure to 155 bar (based on 75% reseat).
- Pilot ratios available: 2,25:1; 6,5:1.
- Weight: 8,39 kg.

Features

- Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- · Low leakage.
- Built-in reverse free flow checks.
- Dual design provides load control in both directions without plumbing cross pilot lines.
- Adjustable.
- 100% performance tested.

Use and operation

To control moving loads and prevent loads from running ahead of pump.

Holds load in any position without drift and provides overload relief and thermal expansion relief with open center control valves.

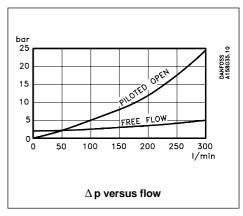
The load is raised by free flow of oil through check section. With control valve centered, load is held (relief must be set at least 30% higher than the maximum load induced pressure).

When lowering load, pilot pressure reduces the valve setting, this allowing the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

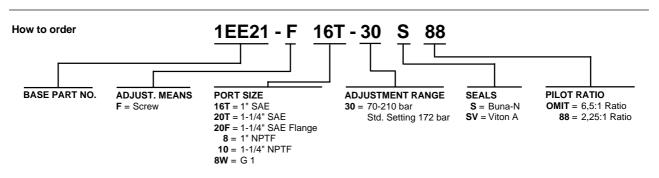
Materials

Body — High strength aluminium alloy.

Performance curve



- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Check components Hardened steel poppets.
- Seals Buna-N or Viton A.



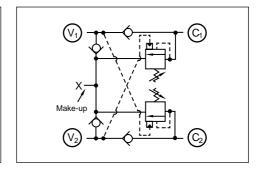
Danfoss

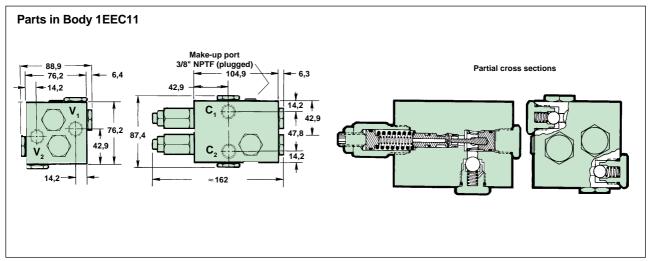
To 60 I/min and 350 bar Fluid Power

Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure | Pilot Pressure Required | Pilot Ratio

With 2,75:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 126 bar and 70 bar load pressure, then 21 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.





Specifications

- To 60 I/min and 350 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressure to: 260 bar for -50 range 155 bar for -30 range (based on 75% reseat).
- Pilot ratios available: 1,2:1; 2,75:1; 4,9:1; 10,75:1.
- Weight: 2,04 kg.

Features

- · Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- Low leakage.
- Built-in reverse flow and make-up checks.
- Dual design provides load control in both directions without plumbing cross pilot lines.
- Adjustable.
- 100% performance tested.

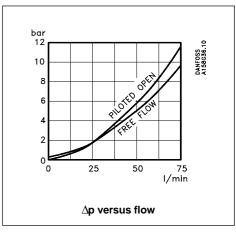
Use and operation

To smoothly control loads when starting, stopping and during operation.

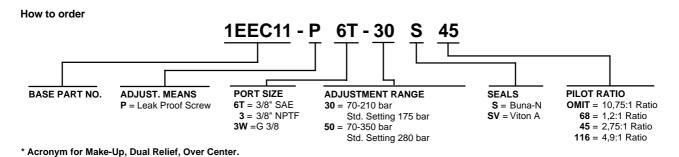
Prevents load runaway, provides dual relief protection, holds load and provides make-up oil. Also gives thermal and overload relief protection.

Oil passes through the free-flow check moving the load. Oil from the actuator outlet is blocked and must pass over the opposite relief section. The reliefs are pilot assisted as in the overcenter valve. Pressure in the free-flow direction is needed to move the load, which also provides pilot pressure to the opposite relief valve. This pilot pressure effectively lowers the relief setting, allowing the load to be moved with minimum pressure. With control valve centered, valve functions as a dual relief. When make-up feature is needed, remove pipe plug in optional make-up port and connect to reservoir or charge system. This allows the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

Performance curve

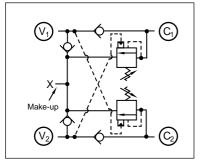


- Body High strength aluminium alloy.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Check components Hardened steel balls.
- Seals Buna-N or Viton A.





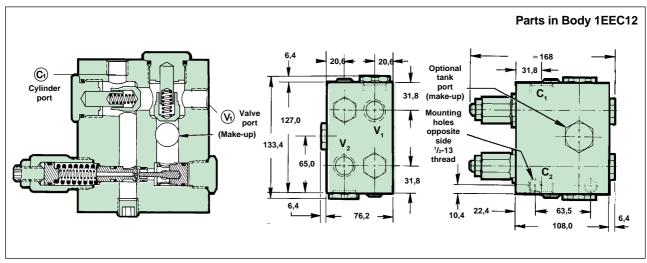
Fluid Power To 95 I/min and 350 bar



Pilot Pressure Calculation Example

Relief Setting – Load Pressure | Pilot Pressure Required |

With 2,75:1 pilot ratio, relief set at 126 bar and 70 bar load pressure, then 21 bar pilot pressure is needed to move load.



Specifications

- To 95 I/min and 350 bar.
- Maximum load induced pressure to: 260 bar for -50S range 155 bar for -30S range (based on 75% reseat).
- Pilot ratios available: 1,2:1; 2,75:1; 4,9:1; 10,75:1.
- Weight: 3,76 kg.

Features

- Fast acting, reliable operation.
- Lapped, hardened steel working parts for long life.
- · Low leakage.
- Built-in reverse free flow and make-up checks.
- Dual design provides load control in both directions without plumbing cross pilot lines.
- Adjustable.
- 100% performance tested.

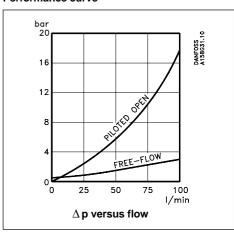
Use and operation

To smoothly control loads when starting, stopping and during operation.

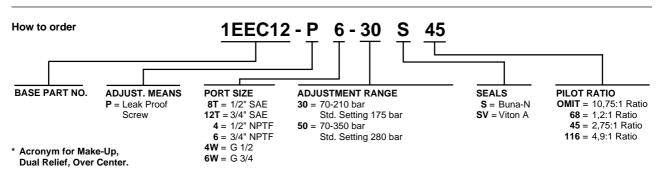
Prevents load runaway, provides dual relief protection, holds load and provides make-up oil. Also gives thermal and overload relief protection.

Oil passes through the free-flow check moving the load. Oil from the actuator outlet is blocked and must pass over the opposite relief section. The reliefs are pilot assisted as in the overcenter valve. Pressure in the free-flow direction is needed to move the load, which also provides pilot pressure to the opposite relief valve. This pilot pressure effectively lowers the relief setting, allowing the load to be moved with minimum pressure. With control valve centered, valve functions as a dual relief. When make-up feature is needed, remove pipe plug in optional make-up port and connect to reservoir or charge system. This allows the load to be smoothly controlled with minimum energy loss. If load tries to run ahead of pump, pilot pressure will decrease and the relief section will throttle or close to prevent runaway.

Performance curve

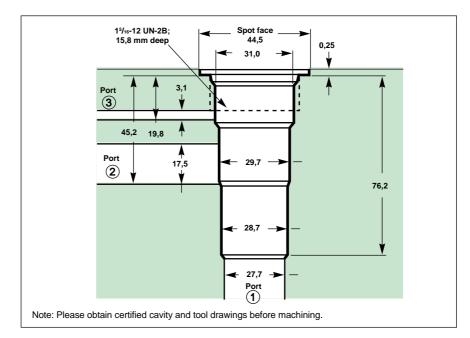


- Body High strength aluminium alloy.
- Internal parts Hardened steel.
- Check components Hardened steel poppets.
- Seals Buna-N or Viton A.





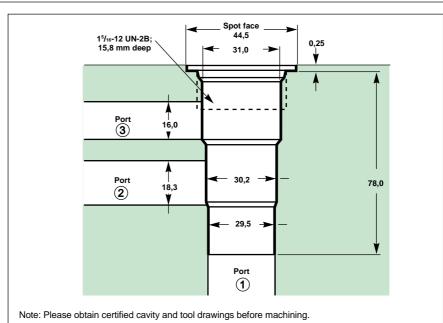
FC-173 Three port



Tools Required for Machining Cavity

Drill: D-1238 Reamer: R-1175 Tap: T-1051

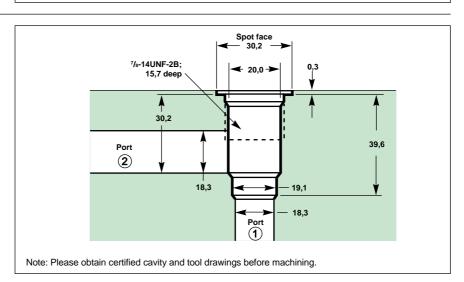
FC-173A Three port



Tools Required for Machining Cavity

Drill: D-1770 Reamer: R-1650 Tap: T-1130

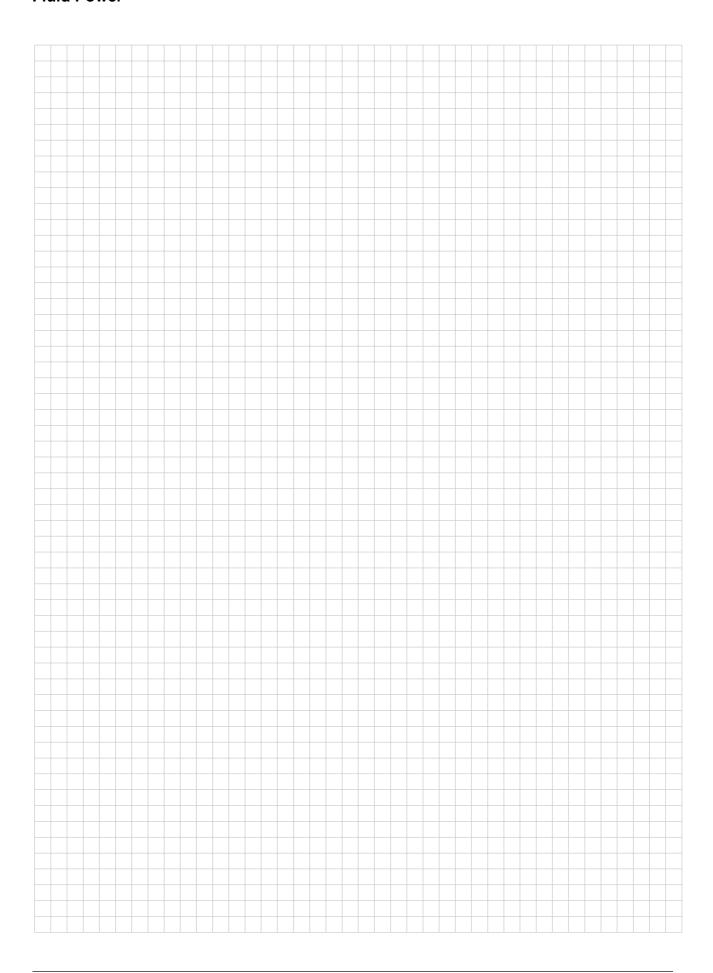




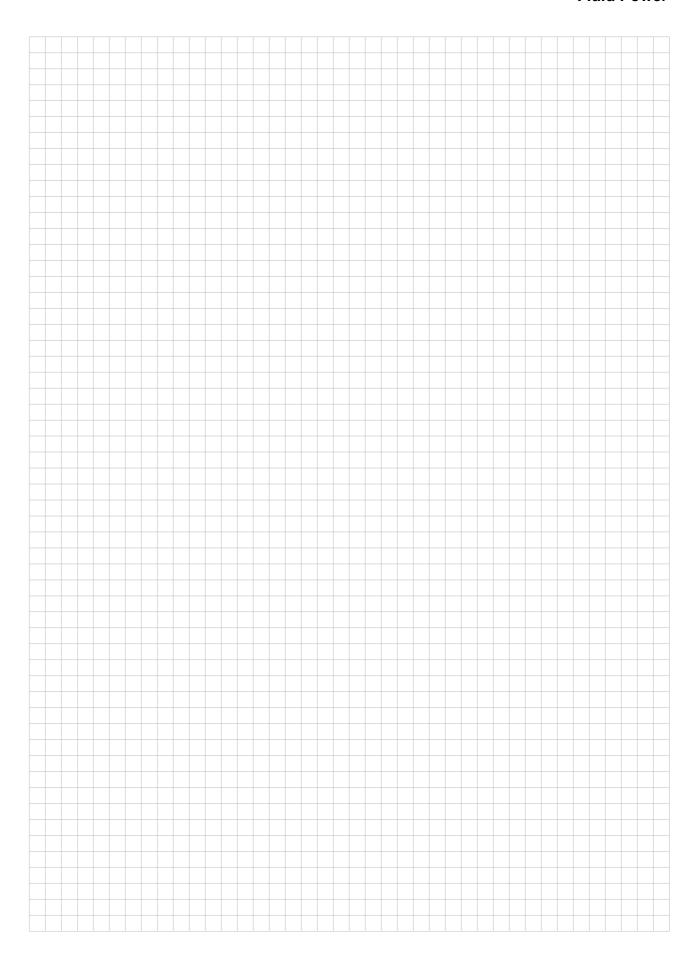
Tools Required for Machining Cavity

Drill: D-1137 Reamer: R-140 Tap: T-1014











Product and catalogue survey

Products	Catalogue Ordering No.
Spreader Valves	HK.66.B02
600 Series Valves	HK.66.C02
400 Series Valves	HK.66.D02
Relief Valves	HK.66.F02
Sequence Valves	HK.66.G02
Pressure Reducing Valves	HK.66.H02
Motion Control Valves	HK.66.I02
Unloading Valves and Pressure Intensifying Valves	HK.66.J02
Needles and Restrictor Valves	HK.66.K02
Flow Regulator Valves and Flow Divider Valves	HK.66.L02
Pilot operated Check Valves	HK.66.M02
Directional Control/Logic Valves	HK.66.N02
Solenoid Directional Control Valves	HK.66.O02





World Class Leadership in Technology

Danfoss Fluid Power, a division of Danfoss, Inc., offers one of the world's largest selections of quality fluid power components. An exceptional overall offering of Danfoss, Dukes, Fluid Controls and Webster components allows you to choose the right products to meet your application. All of our units are manufactured and tested to exacting engineering and quality control standards to provide reliable long lasting performance.

Danfoss Products

Danfoss products are known throughout the world for their quality, reliability and flexibility. From hydraulic motors, pumps, actuators and hydrostatic steering components, to proportional hydraulics and electronics, Danfoss components redefine the leading edge.



Dukes Products

The Dukes name is recognized as the premier U.S. manufacturer of mobile directional control valves for applications to 115 l/min. Your specific needs can be addressed with mono-block or stack valves, or if required, a custom designed valve.



Fluid Controls Products

Beginning with the development of a compact, pilot-operated hydraulic relief valve over 40 years ago, Fluid Controls has remained a pioneer in hydraulic product miniaturization. Along with the wide variety of cartridge valves currently available, Fluid Controls also features parts-in-body valves, and hydraulic integrated circuits to meet all of your requirements.



Webster Products

Since 1945, Webster has been at the forefront in the development of hydraulic gear pumps and cost effective multi-circuit components. Offering a wide range of gear pumps and motors, Webster products can be found in a multitude of applications. The AC and DC power unit lines offer dependable, self-contained sources of hydraulic power. Flow dividers and rotary shear valves further enhance the Webster line and expand the choices available from Danfoss Fluid Power.